

*Hear the word of the Lord ye Rulers of
Sodom; Give ear unto the Law of our
God ye People of Gomorrah. Isa. 1.*

10.

THE Prophet doth here by the Spirit of God
so call the Rulers and People of the Jewish
Nation, after that *Sodom* and *Gomorrah* were
destroyed; yet because they committed the like Sins
and Transgressions which the Rulers of *Sodom* and
the People of *Gomorrah* did; And because they were
in like manner stiff-necked and disobedient to the
Word and Commandment of God, therefore he pro-
perly calls even the Children of Israel, *Rulers of Gomor-*
rah and *People of Gomorrah*; and he requires them to
Hear the Word of the Lord, and to give ear unto the Law
of our God, which before they were backward unto and
would not do: According to what he saith elsewhere,
Now go, write it before them in a Table, and note it in a
Book that it may be for the time to come for ever and ever,
That this is a rebellious People, lying Children, Children
that will not hear the Law of the Lord. Isa. 30. 8, 9.

Say I these things as a Man? or saith not the Law
the same also. 1 Cor. 9, 8. So in the several things I
have written to the People of *England*, as they meet
together in their Representatives, How that in the
late Revolution about twelve years since, of putting
down one King and setting up another; They are a
Nation that did not Righteousness, but therein *They*
forsook *Isai. 58, 2.* and *Resisted the Ordinance of God,*
and they that Resist, shall receive to themselves Damna-
tion, Rom. 13. 2. that is, either Temporal Punish-
ment or Eternal Condemnation, except they escape
both by coming to Repentance. *The Scripture saith*

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nothing

nothing in vain, for all of it to every tittle must be fulfilled. Have I written these things of my self, out of mine own Head? Or Doth not the Law of God, and the Gospel of Jesus Christ say the same also? As a Scribe instructed therein, I have given diligent and constant heed all along, to write unto ye from the Law of God and the Gospel of Christ, and I have made mention of thy Righteousness, even of thine only. Psal. 71. 16. I have written to ye the great things of thy Law, but they were counted as a strange thing. Hosea 8. 12. So that your Murmurings are not against me, but against the Lord. Exod. 16. 8. And your Disobedience is against the Word of the Lord, And the Persecutions which have been against me, were against the Gospel of Christ. I am Jesus whom thou persecutest, Acts 9. 5. in Persecuting one of his Members, for his laying the Gospel before ye, which ye Obey not.

As it is written, That they may do evil with both hands earnestly, the Prince asketh, and the Judge asketh for a reward, and the great Man He uttereth his mischievous desire. Micah 7. 3. So I have observed, That what I have laid before ye from the word of the Lord and from the Gospel of Christ instead of your obeying thereof, ye have done more earnestly and violently to the contrary. This plainly shews that it is the same Spirit in ye which worketh in the Children of Disobedience. For which things sake, the wrath of God cometh on the Children of Disobedience. Col. 3. 6. And so ye will find when your Breath is out of your Nostrils, and your Souls are departed from your Bodies. I do in these days of your Flesh warn ye to flee from the Wrath to come, By ceasing from this Spirit of Disobedience, and by your bringing forth fruits meet for Repentance. Now where a Sin hath been committed, and where a Wrong hath been done (as both hath been in deposing your King) as long as ye refuse to come to Repentance, and to make full Restitution (to both of which the Commandment of God doth require ye) All the mean while ye are in Rebellion against God.

As *Jeremiah* witnessed in his time unto the Inhabitants of *Judah* and *Jerusalem*, *From the thirteenth year of Josiah the Son of Amos, even unto this day which is the three and twentieth year* (which was ten years together) *the word of the Lord hath come unto me, and I have spoken unto you, rising early and speaking, but ye have not hearkned*, Jer. 25. 3. So for these ten or eleven years past, I have only from the Law of God and the Gospel of *Jesus Christ* wrote and testified unto ye, that herein ye have committed a Sin and Transgression, and as yet ye will not come to Repentance; And ye have *wronged a Man by false accusation*, and as that also ye will not restore fourfold nor make full Restitution. Which the Law of God doth command ye to do.

For Rebellion is as the sin of Witchcraft, and stubbornness is as Iniquity and Idolatry. 1 Sam. 15. 23. Now it is seldom known that any Witches do ever come to Repentance; neither do we often hear or read that Rebels come to Repentance. But the Language of Stubbornness saith on this wise, *I have loved Strangers and after them I will go.* Jer. 2. 25. Which seems to be the very Reason; That when ye have set a Stranger King over ye, contrary to his express Commandment in the Seventeenth Chapter of *Deuteronomy* and the fifteenth Verse, *After him ye will go.* Now where People follow after any thing, notwithstanding the Word and Commandment of God to the contrary, that is an Idol also, which they frame and make to themselves. This is so in Scripture meaning, for therein the Glutton and Covetous Man is called an Idolater, and Stubbornness is as Iniquity and Idolatry, as aforesaid. And indeed every advised, known and deliberate Sin is a kind of Idolatry. For therein is a preference of the Evil or Temptation, before God the Supream and only Good; and they yield to the Temptation, and commit the Sin any Law or Ordinance of God to the contrary notwithstanding. *From all your Idols will I cleanse you.* Ezek. 36. 25. So that, there are more sorts of Idols than one.

But here it comes to pass, that they *who abhor Idols*, and seem to be Zealous against Popery ; Because therein is a shew of Idolatrous Worship : Yet these same People do make to themselves an Idol. For whereas the Word of God saith, *Cease ye from Man whose Breath is in his Nostrils, for wherein is he to be accounted of?* Isa. 2. 22. But contrariwise the People of this Nation do Idolize a Man, and have set him to Rule over them contrary to that Commandment of God in *Deuteronomy* aforementioned, and contrary to the *Oath of God*. Eccles. 8. 2. Which they had before taken to another King and Ruler. Now wherefore is it that they who outwardly seem Zealous against the Breach of the Second Commandment, and yet themselves also Transgress the same, *Thou that abhorrest Idols, dost thou commit Sacrilege?* and so themselves commit a kind of Idolatry in the afore-mentioned Instance. But tho' it will not Profit a Man if he should gain the whole World and lose his own Soul, yet these things they do for filthy Lucres sake. Some have Places of Profit or Preferment ; others are in expectation and pursuit after them. *Every one loveth gifts, and followeth after rewards*, Isa. 1. 23. Which *blinds the Eyes of the Wise and perverts the Words of the Righteous*, and hinders from a right Sentiment and Judgment of things. Many of our Chief Men and Rulers have Church or Abby-Lands ; which, they are afraid, if Popery should come in, would return to their Antient Possessours. So that it is not all pure and sincere Zeal for God ; but an allay and mixture of the World, and corrupt Interest creeps in also. *The wrath of Man worketh not the righteousness of God*, and so the Covetousness of Man worketh not the Righteousness of God. If it was indeed pure and sincere Zeal for the Law of God, Why do they not shew it for the third Commandment also ? Yea for the fifth, sixth, eight, ninth and tenth, for all these they have broken ; but the third Commandment they have evidently transgressed and done contrary to *Thou shalt not take the Name of the Lord thy God in vain ; for the Lord will not hold him*

guiltless

guiltless that taketh his Name in vain. Exod. 20. 7. Upon which Moses and Christ, true Interpreters of the Law, do thus say farther, And ye shall not swear by my name falsely; neither shalt thou prophane the name of thy God, I am the Lord. Lev. 19. 12. Thou shalt not forswear thy self, but shalt perform unto the Lord thine Oaths. Mat. 5. 33. For in the Nature of things, when He that sweareth in the Earth, shall swear by the God of Truth. Isa. 65. 16. Thence it follows, That it is a taking the Name of God in vain, when this God of Truth is called to witness and confirm a false thing; which is an high dishonouring and prophaning of his Holy Name. I tremble to think thoroughly on it, And let none of you imagine evil in your Hearts against his Neighbour, and love no false Oath; for all these are things that I hate saith the Lord. Zech. 8. 17.

Now to shew the People of England their Transgressions and their Sins; This was their taking the name of the Lord their God in vain, and a forswearing themselves, and a not performing unto the Lord their Oaths, but it was a false Oath; when the Priests and People of this Nation did Swear Allegiance and Subjection unto their King and Governour. and unto his lawful Heirs and Successors, whom they knew to be a Papist at the very same time; but afterwards these very same Men did Rebel against him, and Depose him, and cast off all manner of Allegiance and Subjection unto him; which they continue to do to this day. *Shall not I visit for these things saith the Lord? Shall not my Soul be avenged on such a Nation as this? Jer. 9. 9. For the sins of her Prophets and the iniquities of her Priests, that have shed the blood of the just in the midst of her. They have wandred as blind Men in the streets, they have polluted themselves with blood. Lam. 4. 13, 14. And ye be witnesses unto your selves that ye are the Children of them which killed his Father. For ye seem to allow their Deeds by treading in the same or alike steps; They Murther'd the Father, and ye have Deposed the Son; and perhaps some of ye would have kill'd him also, had he not fled for his Life into a Forreign Country, And so there hath been a great deal*

deal of Blood shed, which the Lord will make inquiry for, since that his Name hath been thus taken in vain, and his Oath hath been despised, Ezck. 17. 19. and falsified.

When the Inhabitants of Gibeon came with a falsehood in their Mouth, and did put a Deceit on the Children of Israel, it is thus recorded, *And the Men took of their Victims, and asked not counsel at the Mouth of the Lord. And Joshua made Peace with them, and made a league with them to let them live. And the Princes of the Congregation swore unto them. And the Children of Israel smote them not, because the Princes of the Congregation had sworn unto them by the Lord God of Israel. And all the Congregation murmured against the Princes (and so in outward likelihood, the common People of this Nation would be apt to Murmur against their Chief Men and Representatives; if they had, or should yet do according to the Oath of God in the Instance aforementioned) But all the Princes said unto all the Congregation, we have sworn unto them by the Lord God of Israel. Now therefore we may not touch them. This we will do to them, we will even let them live lest wrath be upon us because of the Oath of God which we swore unto them Josh. 9. 14, 15, 18, 19, 20. And so it may be truly Observed, That WRATH and the indignation and fury of the Lord hath been upon these Nations. Isa. 34. 2. For War is there set forth as a token thereof, which hath been since that time his Oath hath been falsified. The Ashes have been raked over it for a short space but the fire is not yet utterly and quite extinguished. And all these things are the beginnings of sorrows. They are but only glimpses or tokens of that wrath of God which is now revealed from Heaven against all unrighteousness of men. Rom. 1. 18. and prepared persons, 1 Tim. 1. 10. and will be executed upon them in the World to come; whereinto all, but especially we of riper and advanc'd years, are just entering. There God will fulfil every tittle of his word, and will by no means clear the guilty. Exod. 34. 7. But he will make all the Churches know, that he will not hold them guiltless who have taken his name in vain, and profaned his Name by swearing falsely. Al-*

Altho' the Gibeonites had beguiled them, yet nevertheless Joshua and the Princes of the Congregation did let them live according to the Oath which they had sworn unto them. And so the Chief Men and Representatives of this Nation ought to have let their King remain on the Throne of his Fathers, (notwithstanding his Faults and Infirmities, *for there is no man that sinneth not*, 1 Kings 8. 46. said a King himself) According to the Oath of Allegiance and Subjection which they had taken unto him. But they having despised and falsified that Oath, God hath since given them a space to repent of this your Perjury, Rebellion and Unrighteousness ; And if ye repent not. But we are sure that the judgment of God is according to truth against them which commit such things. Rom. 2. 2. and God saith, Behold I will cast ye, and them that commit such things with ye, into great Tribulation (this must be understood of the Punishment of the World to come) except ye repent of your deeds. Rev. 2. 21, 22. Now to Repent imports and requires to loose the bands of wickedness, to undo the heavy burdens, to let the oppressed go free, and that ye break every yoke ; to undo a Fault as much as possible, and if it were to do again we would not do it. And as God was dishonoured publicly, so to obtain his Mercy and forgiveness, they should acknowledge and amend their Error as publicly. When the People had trespassed against their God in taking strange Wives ; their Repentance was in making a Covenant with their God, to put away all the Wives and such as are born of them (there was no outward harm or injury done to their Persons) according to the counsel of my Lord, and of those that tremble at the Commandment of our God, and let it be done according to the Law. Ezra 10. 2, 3.

But as it is elsewhere written of them, *who blasphemed the God of Heaven because of their pains and of their sores, and repented not of their deeds*. Rev. 16. 11. *I have overthrown some of you as God overthrew Sodom and Gomorrah, and ye were as a firebrand plucked out of the burning, yet have ye not turned unto me, saith the Lord*. Amos 4. 10. And so albeit God hath by a sudden

den violent and unexpected stroke, when she was in the midst of Age, Strength and Vigour (by sending a complication of Diseases, as if he would command more Messengers than one to make more sure to fetch the Soul from the Body) taken away the Chief Woman of this Nation, to fulfil that part of his word in *Ephes. 6. 2, 3.* Yet have ye not returned to the Lord by Repentance in this thing. *Lord when thy hand is lifted up, they will not see, but they shall see. Isa. 27. 11.*

In two of my printed papers there are these observable words in this respect; Because that, *when a Prophet speaketh in the Name of the Lord, if the thing follow not, nor come to pass, that is the thing which the Lord hath not spoken, but the Prophet hath spoken it presumptuously. Deut. 18. 22.* Which doth imply on the other hand that when the thing doth follow and come to pass, that is the thing which the Lord hath spoken, and made it known by such a Servant of his unto the Inhabitants of the Earth, and the Prophet herein hath spoken it advisedly, or rather obediently unto the Spirit of the Lord, which Spirit made it known unto him, and commanded him to declare it unto others.

In my printed paper, Entituled, *A Supplemental Tract of Government*, which I deliver'd into the House of Lords *January 4. 1689.* are these very words following, *viz.*

A word to the present *Queen Mary.*

Put the Queen in Remembrance, *Honour thy Father and Mother* (which is the first Commandment with Promise) *that it may be well with thee, and thou mayst live long on the earth. Ephes. 6. 2, 3,* which doth imply that if she doth not, she will not be long settled and established here.

And then as a farther Confirmation of the same on *October 5. 1692.* I wrote down these following words, which also I caused to be printed and published in an half Sheer, Entituled, *some more words to be Annexed to my Book, Entituled, Things plain and weighty, viz.*

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This last seems to be falsified for well nigh these four years, yet that time is not long with God, *That confirmeth the word of his Servants, and performeth the counsel of his Messengers.* Isa. 44. 26. It is so in the Mind and Will of God, altho' there are not found any of his Servants here on Earth, who will gently Isa. 40. 11. (Gods doings being after this manner) *remove the Diadem and take off the Crown,* Ezek. 21. 26. if the parties will not do it themselves. For every one ought to help that *Iniquity should have an end.* Vers. 25. And that it be *done according to the law of God.* Ezra. 10. 3. And also that her Spirit might be saved in the day of the Lord Jesus. 1 Cor. 5. 5. *For the thing is yet for an appointed time, but at the end it will speak and not lye; tho' it tarry wait for it, because it will surely come, it will not tarry.*

This last hath been now exactly fulfilled by her Decease, and by her not having attain'd to the common Term or Period of Human Life, God himself by her Death (which our Common Law Books do truly and properly call the Act of God) hath remov'd the Diadem, and taken off the Crown from her; altho' she by Disobedience and Rebellion to his Word and Commandment, would hold it as long as she could; and now her Iniquity hath an end.

As the Apostle Paul saith to the People of his Generation, *To write the same things to me is not grievous, but to you it is safe.* So I do here write the same things, Because the Eternal God hath since that seem'd to shew forth another Token of his Displeasure, and that he approveth not to turn aside the Right of a Man, or to subvert a Man in his Cause. Lam. 3. 35, 36. It being here said, Man indefinitely, it extends equally and all one to Sinner as to Saint, to Gentile as well as to the Jew, to Bond or Free, yea to all of the Race and Lineage of Mankind, *To turn aside the Right of any Man whatsoever, or to subvert any man whatsoever in his Cause the Lord approveth not.* The Scripture, his revealed Word and Will, speaks expressly against turning aside the Stranger from his Right. Mal. 3. 5. and then according to that, no man ought to be turn'd aside

side from his Right by Reason of his Opinion in Matters of Religion or Worship. *Wo unto them that decree unrighteous Decrees, and that write Grievousness, which they have prescrib'd, To turn aside the needy from Judgment, and to take away the Right from the Poor of my People.* Isa. 10. 1, 2. The same is truly applicable to them who turn aside, and take away the Right from the King and Ruler of his People. That He sees this, and it displeaseth him that there was no Judgment. Isa. 50. 15. *For the Lord God of Israel saith, that he hateth putting away.* Mal. 2. 16. He hath again seem'd to shew as much by the untimely Death of that Youth, who had the Title of the Duke of Gloucester. For as when David did that Great Act of Injustice and Wrong to Uriah the Hittite, in killing him with the Sword of the Children of Ammon, and taking away his Wife. The Lord sent Nathan to David, to tell him, *The Sword shall never depart from thine House;* and it is in like manner a Judgment and Displeasure of God upon a Nation, when the Sword shall not depart from infesting it. *Howbeit, because by this Deed, thou hast given great Occasion to the Enemies of the Lord to blaspheme, the Child also that is born unto thee shall surely die.* 2 Sam. 12. 10, 14. And so it may be thought, Because by these Deeds of Murdering the Father and Deposing the Son, and taking the Name of the Lord in vain in Swearing falsely, and in turning aside the Right of a Man, Ye have given great Occasion to the Enemy's of the Lord (so are the false Worshipers) to blaspheme, and by Reason of Ye, the way of Truth is evil spoken of; and Ye have made the Name of Protestant to sink amongst the Superstitious Inhabitants of this and of other Lands, and may cause them to gather themselves against Ye. Gen. 34. 30. and persecute Ye, and turn Ye aside from your Rights, as ye turn them aside from their Rights; It seems as if God (who is the same Yesterday, to day and for ever, without variableness or shadow of turning) had therefore taken him away also, in whom ye would have plac'd the Right, when Ye did turn aside and take away the Right of a Man whose Right it was.

And

And still at this time of my writing these words
(*March 25. 1701.*) Ye do *alway* err in *your* heart, and
have not known *God's ways* Heb. 3. 10. Ye do " in
turning aside the Right or *Man*, go the really way
to entail War and *Misery* on this Nation, even to our
Children and Posterity. So that the Children which
are yet unborn may have Reason to *Curse* and speak
evil of ye, if ye will not obey the Word and Com-
mandment of God. As contrariwise, *If ye be willing and*
obedient, they will have Reason to praise God on your
behalf, and then both ye and they will *eat the Good of*
the Land. For then again all the Inhabitants thereof
might dwell safely, every man under his Vine and
under his Fig-tree, from one part thereof to another,
all the days of our Kings and Governours.

If ye will take *Counsel of the Lord*. Isa. 30. 2. then
ye will take Counsel at his Word, for the *Word was*
God, Joh. 1. 1. and from what is here or elsewhere o-
pen'd and alledg'd from it; and what is rightly in-
ferred from this Word of *Truth*, is *Truth* also.

Let this Nation do *righteousness* (which is the Com-
mandment and Will of the most High God, as may be
understood from Isa. 58. 2.) and we shall have Peace.
For the work of Righteousness shall be Peace, and the
effect of Righteousness Quietness and Assurance for ever.
And my People shall dwell in a peaceable Habitation, and
in sure dwellings and in quiet resting Places. Isa. 32. 17,
18. *Righteousness and Peace have kissed each other.* Psal.
85. 10. *The Mountains shall bring Peace to the People,*
and the little Hills by Righteousness. Psal. 72. 3. As
when we ask the Way to such a Place, we are shew'd
such a Path or Tract, and they give us for direction,
that we must go by such an *House* or *Village*, or o-
ther remarkable Token: So the Holy Ghost doth
hereby signify, that the Way to Peace, is, *By Righte-*
ousness. According to what is again written, *First*
being by Interpretation King of Righteousness, and after
that also King of Salem, which is King of Peace. Heb. 7.
2. In all these places Peace is the Consequent and effect
of Righteousness. Now Righteousness, in the Lan-
guage and requiring of the Gospel, is to *render to all*
(none

(none excepted) *their dues.* Rom. 13. 7. So that if Righteousness were done to all People, and on all sides, Peace would thereupon as certainly follow as Gods word is true. And we might give God so much Glory, as to believe his assured Promises and trust on his Invisible Protection. *So that we may boldly say, the Lord is my helper, and I will not fear what man shall do unto me.* Heb. 13. 6. Now the Lord is not their helper who commit Sin, Evil or Falshood to help themselves. We may boldly do Righteous things, and trust our God with the Event of all. According to what is written, *Offer the sacrifices of righteousness, and put your trust in the Lord.* Psal. 4. 5. *In righteousness shalt thou be established: thou shalt be far from oppression for thou shalt not fear, and from terror for it shall not come near thee.* Isa. 54. 14. We may believe in God, that it shall be even so as it is here told us in his word.

I also will chuse their delusions, and will bring their fears upon them; because when I called they did not answer: when I spake they did not hear, but they did evil before mine eyes, and chose that in which I delighted not. Isa. 66. 4. And as Christ said, *Whosoever will save his life (that is, by sinful means) shall lose it; but whosoever shall ~~lose~~ his life for my sake and the Gospels, the same shall save it.* Mark 8. 37. Which I have Read in the History of those Times, was accordingly fulfilled and found true. Even so again God may choose your delusions and bring your fears upon ye, in a like Course and Succession of Time, That whereas Ye have used sinful and Wrong means to keep out Popery, and to preserve your Lives and Estates as Ye say, when they were in no real and imminent Danger; the same may bring it in, and cause Ye to lose them, *except ye repent of your deeds. Except ye repent, ye shall all likewise Perish.* Luke 13. 3. that is, as may be understood from what goes before and follows after these words. All shall not die violent deaths, or incur Temporal Punishment, who do not Repent; but such sinners as shall not Repent, will Perish Everlastingly. When Christ foretold the destruction of *Jerusalem*, it was so long before this was thoroughly fulfilled, even forty years, that many were apt to say in their hearts in the mean while, *Where is the promise of his coming?* Yea, whereas himself had said, *When ye shall see Jerusalem compassed with armies, then know that the destruction thereof is nigh.* Luke 21. 20. Yet when *Titus Vespasian* invested *Jerusalem* with his Armies, he went off again; so that this Word did seem to be ~~fulfilled~~ ^{fulfilled}, but yet it was not fulfilled, for he came on a second time, and then was Accomplished the total and entire

entire Desolation thereof. The *Jews* did put *Christ* to death, to prevent thereby, that the *Romans* should not come and take away their Place and Nation: According to that Saying and Counsel of *Caiaphas* their High Priest. But in Truth this their Sin and Iniquity was the Cause, for which God gave them over unto the Will of their Enemies; for instead of preventing, it brought on the *Romans* in that process of time aforementioned, to take away their Place and Nation. *Ye have feared the sword, and I will bring the sword upon you, saith the Lord God: Ezek. 11. 8. I will heap mischiefs upon them, I will spread mine Arrows upon them. Deut. 32. 23.* And so a train of Evils and Inconveniences, have attended and fallen upon this Nation, ever since the Rebellion against, and Murder of *Charles* the First a Lawful King, altho' he was a Man compassed about with Infirmities, which in this State of Mortality and Imperfection, should have been born withal Bear one anothers Infirmities, and so fulfil the Law of *Christ*. For hereby, they drove out his two Sons from the Land of their Nativity. One of whom, received the Tincture, but the other the Actual Infection and Corruption of Popery. Hence also the *Priests* and *Jesuits* had that plausible Argument to bring him over to their Errors and Superstition, *That cannot be the way to Heaven which cut off your Father's Head.* Thus it was Rebellion and Perjury that Contributed towards making the King a *Papist* at first; and it is the Rebellion and Perjury of those who call themselves *Protestants*, which confirm and strengthen him in his false way of Worship at this Day. I do hereby enter in my Protestation against these Deeds of such Nuncupative Protestants. *Instruments of Cruelty and Follhood, are in their Habitations. O my Soul, come not thou into their Secret; V to their Assembly mine Honour be not thou United: For in their Anger they slew a Man, and in their Self-will they digged down a Wall.* This is not the true Way and right Method of Converting *Papists*, when such as ye would have them Converted unto ~~are~~ two fold more the Children of Hell then themselves. *Thou Hypocrite, first cast out the beam out of thine own Eye.* Ye Hypocrites, first Repent of these your sinful Deeds, if *Peradventure* God would give them Repentance to the Acknowledgment of the Truth. Saith the Lord, *Put away the evil of your doings from before mine Eyes, cease to do evil, learn to do well, seek judgment, relieve (in the Margent it is Righten, which signifies to set Right again) the Oppressed.* *Isaiah 1. 16, 17.* And if in Obedience to this Commandment of God, ye would Relieve, Righten and set Right again your Oppressed King; He may then see the

Work of the Lord, How judgment is returned to Righteousness. Psalm 94. 15. Hereby he may be brought over to the Pure and Uncorrupt Religion; to which he may be the sooner Converted by the Honest dealing of the True and Sincere Members thereof.

Is not this the Fast I have chosen? to loose the bands of wickedness, to undo the heavy burdens (and now there are heavy burdens upon the Poor and lower sort of People, by heavy and continued Taxes, and want of Trade) to let the oppressed free, and that ye break every yoke. Isa. 58. 6. But if Ye like that Woman Jezebel, Proclaim a Fast to take away Naboth's Vineyard, or to shed Blood (the Scripture every where speaks against shedding of Blood) or if Ye fast for strife and debate, or to smite with the fist of Wickedness; All this is Hypocrisy, and more provoking than pleasing unto that God with whom we have to do. Of such God saith, When they fast, I will not hear their cry, and when they offer burnt offering, and an oblation I will not accept them, but I will consume them by the sword. Jer. 14. 12.

Be it again Known unto Ye, that the Lord will make inquisition for blood. Psalm 9. 12. and he will require at the hands of such who have the outward Power to Proclaim War, or Treat of Peace (which tho' it is said to be in him whom Ye call your King; yet by your furnishing him with the Matter wherewith the War is carried on Ye do thus become partakers with him, and thus upon Ye will come the guilt of what Blood hath been shed on the Earth) the life of every man, Gen. 9. 5. which hath been already, or shall yet be lost in these Unnecessary Wars: For so they are, inasmuch as they might have been avoided at first; and even at this time War hath ceased in and about these Kingdoms for these three years last past (I would and pray to God, that herein and throughout the whole Earth there might be abundance of Peace so long as the Moon endureth. Psalm 72. 7. and indeed Government and Peace go so together, where Government is ordered and established with judgment and with Justice. Isa. 9. 7. There is now no Absolute Necessity for these Nations to engage into War again. This I do teach and affirm constantly from the Word of God, and from the Truth of things. The Gospel doth command Ye and the Lord Jesus will be revealed from Heaven in flaming fire, taking Vengeance on them that obey not the Gospel. If it be possible, as much as lieth in you, live peaceably with all Men. Rom. 12. 17. which must be understood of all Countries and Places. Shall the sword devour for ever (that is, for a long time) knowest thou not (by which

Kind of speech is shewn forth, that Man is apt to be Ignorant or unmindful of as much) *that it will be bitterness in the latter end.* 2 Sam. 2. 26.

Because some of Ye heretofore, instead of obeying the Word, have persecuted my outward Person, therefore it may seem expedient and necessary to annex this Notice and Advertisement.

*To all Rulers, Magistrates, and Officers of Justice;
and to all others whom this following may any wise
Concern:*

W Hereas I do only reprove Transgression, and exhort People to come again into the way of God's Commandments. I do set his Laws before Mankind, and I do publish his Eternal Truth. I do nothing more, beyond or besides this, which again I do not out of mine own Head, but only from the Statute Book of the Lord God. If Ye think that I deserve to be Imprisoned for so doing, and Ye will be instrumental to confine me; God will judge that Ye and the other People do deserve Damnation for not obeying those his Laws and Commandments, which from out of the same Book of the Scriptures I have set Ye and Them. And when your Breath is out of your Nostrils and your Souls are departed from your Bodies, Ye will receive yet greater Condemnation, and be beaten with more stripes for your thus doing unto me his Creature, who was sent and employed by him in the Ministerion of his Word and Truth,

So warneth and witnesseth,

RICHARD STAFFORD,

*A Scribe Instructed in the Law of
God, and in the Gospel of Jesus Christ.*



